Data Sheet

USAID Mission: Kenya

Program Title:Democracy and Governance

Pillar:

Democracy, Conflict and Humanitarian Assistance

615-006

Proposed FY 2004 Obligation: \$1,000,000 DA; \$4,000,000 ESF

Prior Year Unobligated: \$700,000 DA

Proposed FY 2005 Obligation: \$2,859,000 DA; \$4,000,000 ESF

Year of Initial Obligation: FY 2001

Year of Final Obligation: 2005

Summary: This program works to improve the balance of power among the various branches of government in Kenya, specifically by helping to increase the independence of select government institutions with a focus on parliament; promoting more transparent and competitive electoral processes; and increasing the effectiveness of civil society organizations in lobbying for reforms, monitoring government activities, and preventing and resolving conflicts.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2004 Program:

Strategic Objective:

Institutional independence (\$700,000 DA \$4,000,000 ESF). ESF funds will be used to implement a program on transparency and accountability, based on the GOK's own strategy. Assistance to the Office of Ethics and Governance will be provided to develop a detailed work plan for the office, design a national campaign on anti-corruption, assist in the establishment of a public complaints office, and provide limited commodities. Support will also go to the Department of Public Prosecution to undertake a needs assessment, develop a work plan, and design a prosecutors' training curriculum to strengthen the institution's capacity. Partners include the Ministry for Justice and Constitutional Affairs, the Office of the President, and the Department of Public Prosecutors (DPP).

Civil society support for advocacy, monitoring and conflict resolution (\$300,000 DA; \$700,000 prior year DA). Prior year DA funds of \$700,000 will be utilized to support NGOs working to prevent conflict and build peace. Four grants will be made to Kenyan organizations to: increase dialogue and collaboration among the GOK and stakeholders and between stakeholders on conflict issues in pastoral areas in North Eastern and the Coast Provinces; advocate for increased GOK investment in resource allocation to these pastoral areas; increase national awareness of the costs and implications of violent conflict in pastoral areas (e.g., socio-economic implications of lost/disrupted lives, lost livestock revenues); and develop capacity at local and national levels to promote peaceful resolutions to potentially violent conflicts. Two grants to civil society organizations that address policy advocacy and monitor GOK progress on implementing its campaign priorities will be awarded. The civil society program is implemented through Kenyan civil society organizations, including Transparency International - Kenya Chapter, the Institute for Economic Affairs, the Center for Governance and Development, the Collaborative Center for Gender and Development, the National Council of Churches of Kenya, and the Wajir Peace and Development Committee.

FY 2005 Program:

Institutional independence (\$659,000 DA; \$4,000,000 ESF): A program to strengthen the parliament, with an emphasis on the committees, will be revived. Work with the DPP will likely support the implementation of a training curriculum to train all public prosecutors to effectively prosecute high level fraud and anti-corruption cases and provide required commodities. In the Office of the President support for the Office of Ethics and Integrity will continue. One main intervention will likely support the effective analysis of public officials' assets disclosure forms to assess potential abuse of office, and a review of the process for

assets disclosure to determine whether the system is functioning and whether changes need to be implemented. Same implementers as FY 2004.

Civil society support for advocacy and monitoring activities (\$2,200,000 DA): Support for civil society organizations promoting policy advocacy and monitoring of GOK activities as outlined above will continue. Same implementers as FY 2004.

By program completion, there will be a better balance of power among the institutions of governance, the National Assembly (i.e., parliament) will be independent, the government systems will be more transparent and accountable to the people of Kenya, and civil society organizations will have the full capacity to effectively lobby for national reforms and monitor government activities.

Performance and Results: Results during the past year are noteworthy. By all accounts, the 2002 election provides for Kenyans, the continent of Africa, and the world in general, a landmark in many respects. USAID assistance contributed to the Electoral Commission of Kenya's (ECK) institutional capacity, resulting in the most competently and effectively administered elections to date in the pre-election, election-day, and post-election phase. Kenyans, including representatives across party lines, for the first time reported high levels of confidence in the ECK's competence and independence. The election was unprecedented in the vastly reduced levels of violence that had plagued previous elections. It also marked the first opposition victory with the National Rainbow Coalition (NARC) confidently winning both the presidency and the great majority of parliamentary seats. In addition, the year 2003 was a watershed year for tackling corruption in Kenya. Government commitment increased markedly with the installation of an Administration that campaigned on an anti-corruption platform. One dramatic milestone was the release by the Chief Justice of a critical survey of corruption in the Judiciary, recommending the removal of many corrupt judges and magistrates.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Kenya

615-006 Democracy and Governance	DA	ESF
Through September 30, 2002	<u> </u>	
Obligations	5,223	4,700
Expenditures	945	657
Unliquidated	4,278	4,043
Fiscal Year 2003		
Obligations	3,750	1,700
Expenditures	2,658	3,561
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	8,973	6,400
Expenditures	3,603	4,218
Unliquidated	5,370	2,182
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	700	(
Planned Fiscal Year 2004 NOA		
Obligations	1,000	4,000
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	1,700	4,000
Proposed Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	2,859	4,000
Future Obligations	0	(
Est. Total Cost	13,532	14,400